### <u>Ultratech cement LTD- Order purchase system.</u>

### 1. Why is this project initiated?

The project was initiated to address critical inefficiencies in Ultratech Cement's manual order processing system, which caused delays, errors, and poor user experience across sales, logistics, and dealer channels.

### 2. Current Problems in UTCL:

- 1. Time-Consuming Process.
- 2. High Error Rate.
- 3. Duplicate or Lost Orders.
- 4. No Real-Time Tracking.
- 5. Lack of Data Analytics.
- 6. Compliance & Record Risk.
- 7. Inefficient training and support modules for employees.

## 3. Problems Solved by This Project:

- Manual, Time-Consuming Processes → Automated, Instant Ordering.
- High Error Rate → Accurate Data Entry.
- Duplicate or Lost Orders → Centralized Digital Record.
- No Real-Time Visibility → Live Order Tracking.
- Lack of Data for Reporting → Built-in Analytics.
- Overdependence on Individuals → Role-Based Automation.
- Inventory Issues → Real-Time Inventory Integration.
- Dealer Frustration → Dealer Self-Service Portal
- Compliance and Audit Risk → Secure Digital Records
- Unscalable System → Future-Ready Digital Platform

# 4. Resources Required:

### • People:

- o Business Analyst
- o Project Manager
- Software Developers
- o UI/UX Designer
- o QA Testers
- o Trainers
- o ITS (Information Technology Services) team
- Time: Implementation within 6 months.

### • Budget:

- o Hardware, software, training, and services not to exceed **Rs. 15,00,000**.
- o Third-party tool evaluation and data reports not to exceed Rs. 2,00,000.

# **5.** organizational change required to adopt this technology are

Area	Level of Change	Action Required	
Business Processes	Moderate	Redesign some manual workflows	
User Behavior	High Train and support end users		
Technology Architecture	Moderate	Upgrade existing infrastructure	
Organizational Policies	Low to Moderate	Update for automation & mobile use	

# 6. Time frame to recover ROI are

### The **ROI recovery time** depends on:

- Initial project investment
- Operating cost savings
- Efficiency gains
- Business growth enablement

### 2. Sources of ROI Recovery:

Area of ROI	Impact	Description
Increased		Sales employees save time due to automated renewals,
Sales	High	better task tracking, and mobile access, allowing them to
Productivity		focus more on lead conversions.
Reduced Operational Costs	Medium	Automation reduces manual errors and support calls; fewer resources are needed for repetitive tasks.
Improved Customer Retention	Medium	Auto-renewal feature reduces drop-offs and missed renewals, boosting long-term customer value.
Time Savings	High	Real-time dashboards and simplified access enable faster decision-making and reporting.

### **Estimated ROI Timeline:**

Mon th	Milestone	ROI Indicators
0–3	Project Kick-off & Design Phase	Investment only – planning, design, resource allocation
4–6	Development & Internal Testing	Early productivity impact begins internally
7–9	User Training & Go-Live	Improved process efficiency starts to reflect
10– 12	Adoption Growth	Sales team starts realizing value; drop in support queries

13–	ROI Realized	Cost savings, improved KPIs, and higher conversion rates
18		stabilize

# 7. How to identify Stakeholders?

### **Step-by-Step Stakeholder Identification Process:**

### 1. Understand the Project Scope and Objectives

- Begin by reviewing the project's goals
- Understand what systems, departments, or functions are being impacted.

### 2. Conduct Stakeholder Brainstorming Sessions

- Meet with senior management, project sponsors, or the PMO to get initial input.
- Review organizational charts and internal communication flows.

### 3. Use Stakeholder Categories to Identify Types

Divide potential stakeholders into categories such as:

Category	Examples
<ul> <li>Internal Business</li> <li>Stakeholders</li> </ul>	Sales Managers, Relationship Managers, Field Sales Employees, Zonal Heads
<ul> <li>Internal Technical Stakeholders</li> </ul>	IT Team, System Architects, Data Analysts
<ul><li>Project</li><li>Governance</li></ul>	Project Sponsor, Project Manager, BA Team
<ul> <li>Support Functions</li> </ul>	HR (for training), Operations, Risk & Compliance
<ul><li>External</li><li>Stakeholders</li></ul>	Customers (indirectly), Third-party app vendors, Regulators (if required)

# Document 2: BA Strategy (Business Analyst Approach Strategy)

As a Business Analyst, the following strategy is followed to complete the project successfully from initiation to closure:

### 1. Elicitation Techniques to Apply

- ✓ To gather accurate and complete requirements, I would use a combination of the following elicitation techniques:
- ✓ Interviews One-on-one sessions with stakeholders (e.g., business users, SMEs)
- ✓ Workshops Conduct Joint Application Development (JAD) sessions for collaborative understanding
- ✓ Questionnaires/Surveys For collecting standardized inputs from a wider audience
- ✓ Document Analysis Review existing process documentation, reports, and SOPs
- ✓ Observation (Job Shadowing) Understand current manual/automated processes firsthand
- ✓ Brainstorming Generate ideas and solutions with stakeholders for new features

### 2. Stakeholder Analysis (RACI/ILS Matrix)

To manage responsibilities and ensure clarity in stakeholder roles, I will:

- Identify all stakeholders using organizational charts, interviews, and functional mapping
- Create a RACI Matrix:
  - o **R** Responsible (who does the work)
  - o **A** Accountable (who owns the outcome)
  - C Consulted (who provides input)
  - I Informed (who must be kept updated)
- Use Influence-Interest Grid to prioritize stakeholders for engagement

### 3. Documents to Prepare

The following key documents are prepared and maintained through the project:

- Business Requirement Document (BRD)
- Functional Specification Document (FSD)
- System Requirement Specification (SRS)
- Use Case Specifications
- Process Flow Diagrams (UML, BPMN)
- Requirement Traceability Matrix (RTM)
- Test Cases (for UAT)
- Change Request Forms
- Client Project Acceptance Form (UAT sign-off)

### 4. Process for Document Sign-off

- Submit the BRD and FSD to stakeholders for review.
- Conduct walkthrough meetings with stakeholders to ensure clarity.
- Use version control for draft and final versions.
- Once approved, get the **formal sign-off** via email or digitally signed documents.
- Store all signed documents in a centralized, secure repository (e.g., SharePoint or project folder).

### 5. How to Take Approvals from the Client

- Ensure each deliverable is **reviewed** in stakeholder meetings.
- Provide **review timelines** (e.g., 3 business days) for feedback.
- Use email approvals or an e-signature tool (e.g., DocuSign) for formal acceptance.
- Maintain a Decision Log to track all approvals.

### 6. Communication Channels to Establish and Implement

To ensure smooth and transparent communication:

- Use **emails** for formal updates and sharing documents
- Set up weekly project meetings (via MS Teams/Zoom)
- Use **project management tools** like Jira or Trello to track tasks
- Maintain status reports and circulate to stakeholders regularly
- Define escalation paths for critical issues

### **7.** Handling Change Requests (CR)

- Receive CR in a Change Request Form
- Conduct impact analysis cost, timeline, scope
- Review with project manager and technical team
- Obtain approval from sponsor/client before implementation
- Update RTM and project documentation
- Communicate the change to all stakeholders

### 8. Updating Project Progress to Stakeholders

- Prepare a weekly status report including:
  - Completed tasks
  - o Pending items
  - o Risks/issues
  - Next steps
- Share reports during weekly review meetings
- Maintain a dashboard (optional) to visually track KPIs
- Use Gantt charts or project timelines for milestone tracking

### 9. UAT and Client Sign-off Process

Conduct User Acceptance Testing (UAT) with end-users

- Record outcomes in **UAT Test Case Execution Report**
- Resolve all issues/bugs before closure
- Share the Client Project Acceptance Form
- Obtain formal sign-off from the business owner or sponsor
- Archive the signed UAT document as closure proof

### Conclusion

The BA approach is built on planning, stakeholder collaboration, structured documentation, clear communication, proactive change control, and formal approvals. This ensures **project traceability**, **accountability**, **and delivery** as per the client's expectations.

# **Document 3 – Functional Specifications**

Field	Details
Project Name	Order punching system
Customer Name	Ultratech cement Ltd.
Project Version	1.0
Project Sponsor	Ms. Aditi Roy
Project Manager	Mr. shaktiraj singh
Project Initiation	1-july-2025
Date	1-juty-2023

### **Functional Requirement Specifications:**

Req ID	Requirement Name	Requirement Description	Priority (1-10)
FR0001	User Login	User Login  Users (Admin/Staff) must be able to securely log in to the system using credentials.	
FR0002	Product Catalog  The system should display a categorized list of available products with search options.		9
FR0003	FR0003 Inventory Inventory should be automatically updated with each purchase or restock transaction.		10

Req ID	Req Nar	ne	Req Description		Design	D1	T1	D2	T2	UAT
FR00 01	Login			User must be able to login to access the system		Pend ing	No	Yes	Yes	YES
FR00 02	Real-Time Stock		Display real- updates	time inventory	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	YES
FR00 03	Purchase Orders		Create, upda purchase ord	ate, and manage ders	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	YES
FR00 04	Low Stock Alerts		Auto alerts w below thresh	vhen stock falls nold	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	YES
FR00 05	Role-Based Access	d	Only authorize modules	zed users access	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	YES
FR00 06	Order Trac	king	Customers can track their order status		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	YES
FR00 07	Reports		Generate inv	Generate inventory and order reports		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	YES
FR00 08	Audit Logs		Track and log all changes in the system		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
	FR0004	Orde	r Placement	r Placement Users should be a orders.		e, view,	and tracl	<	9	
	FR0005	Vend Mana	lor agement	-		d allow managing vendor nk them to purchase orders.			8	
	FR0006	Purc	hase Order	nase Order Admin can create restock items from		e and track purchase orders to om vendors.			9	
	FR0007	Repo Gene	Ort Generate sales, in and PDF formats.		inventory, and order reports in Excel			7		
	FR0008	Notif	ications	ts for low inventory levels or delayed ts.			6			
	FR0009	Role Mana	agement	Assign roles (Adn specific access r	•	ry Mana	ager, View	er) wit	h 8	

# **Document 4 - Requirement Traceability Matrix**

traceability.

# **Business Requirements Document (BRD)**

Maintain a log of all critical user activities for

6

Project Name: order punching system

**Audit Trail** 

Project ID: UTCL-ENH-2024

FR0010

Version ID: V1.0

**Author**: [kanika jagtap]

**Date**: [15/07/25]

## 1. Document Revisions

Date	Vers ion	Document Changes		
15/07/2025	0.1	Initial Draft		

# 2. Approvals

Role	Name	Title	Signature	Date
Project Sponsor	Mahesh	Sponsor		15/07/2025
Business Owner	Swastik	Business Owner		15/07/2025
Project Manager	Mayank	PM		15/07/2025
System Architect	Yash	Architect		15/07/2025
Development Lead	Vishu	Dev Lead		15/07/2025
QA Lead	Aniket	Quality Lead		15/07/2025
Content Lead	Shubha m	UX Content Lead		15/07/2025

# 3. RASCI Chart for This Document

Name	Position	R	Α	S	С	I
Kanika Jagtap	Business Analyst	>			>	>
Mayank Laddha	Project Manager		<b>√</b>		<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>

Khushi Goyal	Development Lead		<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	
Riya Baheti	QA Lead		<b>\</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	
Shivam	Business Owner	<b>√</b>			✓

### 4. Introduction

### 4.1 Business Goals

The project is initiated to transform Ultratech Cement's slow, error-prone manual order process into a fast, accurate, and integrated digital system that improves efficiency, data visibility, and user satisfaction across all levels.

#### Need:

- Automation is needed to streamline operations and reduce turnaround time.
- Digital forms with validations reduce costly mistakes.
- A centralized system provides real-time status and reporting.
- A digital platform enables proper logging, traceability, and compliance.
- System-integrated stock validation prevents stock mismatch.
- Mobile/web-based dealer portal empowers dealers with direct access.
- Automation supports long-term business expansion.

### 4.2 Business Objectives

- Streamline the Order Placement Process
- Minimize Human Errors
- Enable Real-Time Tracking and Visibility
- Improve Dealer Experience
- Integrate Seamlessly with Existing Systems
- Improve Data Availability and Analytics
- Support Scalability and Business Growth

#### 4.3 Business Rules

- Only authenticated users can access role-based dashboards
- Admin users can manage user roles and permissions
- API integrations require secure authentication
- Data retention policy: 5 years
- All system updates should be backward compatible

### 4.4 Background

"Ultratech Cement Ltd. has historically relied on manual methods for processing dealer orders, resulting in delays, errors, and inefficiencies across its supply chain. With rising order volumes and a growing dealer network, the limitations of paper- and email-based workflows became a significant business bottleneck. Recognizing the need for operational efficiency and digital transformation, the company has initiated a project to automate its order purchasing system. The goal is to implement a centralized, self-service, and fully integrated digital solution that improves speed, accuracy, visibility, and customer satisfaction."

### 4.5 Project Objective

"To implement a centralized, real-time digital order processing platform within 6 months that reduces manual errors by 90%, decreases order processing time by 50%, and improves dealer satisfaction through a self-service portal integrated with Ultratech's SAP system."

### 4.6 Project Scope

#### 4.6.1 In-Scope Functionality

- Dealer Self-Service Portal (Web & Mobile)
- Order Entry and Processing Workflow
- Approval Workflow Automation
- Inventory Integration
- Integration with SAP ERP
- System Testing & User Acceptance Testing (UAT)

### 4.6.2 Out-of-Scope Functionality

- Advanced Supply Chain Planning (SCP)
- Automated Vendor Purchase Order (Procurement) Module
- Custom Mobile App Development for Logistics
- Production Planning or Plant-Level Automation

### 5. Assumptions

- Timely collaboration and feedback from all stakeholders.
- Minimal change requests once the design phase is complete.
- SAP team is available for integration support.
- No major device/infrastructure investment is required.
- No funding constraints or mid-project budget cuts.

### 6. Constraints

- Budget cap of ₹15 lakhs
- Timeline limited to 6 months
- Platform must support legacy data without disruption
- Compliance with internal IT security policies

### 7. Risks

Туре	Risk Description	Likelihood	Impact	Mitigation Strategy
Technologi cal	Legacy system conflicts with modern APIs	Medium	High	Conduct compatibility testing
Skills	Lack of expertise in new technologies	Low	Medium	Train internal team

Political	Change in business strategy mid- project	Low	High	Lock requirements early
Business	Delay in stakeholder feedback	Medium	Medium	Weekly progress syncs
Requireme nts	Unclear or changing requirements	Medium	High	Use change request process
Other	Unexpected system downtime during enhancement	Low	High	Schedule releases off- hours

### 8. Business Process Overview

### 8.1 Legacy System (AS-IS)

### Steps:

- Manual Data Collection
- Excel-Based Reporting
- Delayed Approvals
- Email Communication

```
[Start]

↓

[Manual Data Collection]

↓

[Excel-Based Reporting]

↓

[Delayed Approvals]

↓

[Communication via Email]

↓

[End]
```

### 8.2 Proposed Recommendations (TO-BE)

### Steps:

- Automated Data Capture
- Real-Time Dashboard Reporting
- Workflow-Based Approvals
- In-System Communication [Start]

 $\downarrow$ 

[Automated Data Capture]

Ψ

[Real-Time Dashboard Reporting]

J

[Workflow-Driven Approvals]

 $\downarrow$ 

[Integrated Communication via Platform]

 $\downarrow$ 

[End]

# 9. Business Requirements

ID	Requirement Description	Priority	Category
	Dealers should be able to place orders via a web/mobile portal	High	Functional
	System must validate product code, quantity, and pricing at the time of order	High	Functional
	Approval workflows should be automated based on stock and credit rules	High	Functional
	Integration with SAP ERP for inventory, invoicing, and billing	High	Integration
II I	System must display real-time stock availability during order placement	High	Functional
000	Orders must be tracked in real time by dealers and internal users	High	Functional
BR- 007	Automatic notifications via SMS/Email on order updates	Medium	Communication
II I	Digital generation of order confirmations, dispatch slips, and invoices	High	Functional
	Centralized storage of all order documents with version control	Medium	Non-Functional

ID	Requirement Description	Priority	Category
BR- 010	Dashboard and reporting features for management	Medium	Analytical
	Role-based access control for different users (dealer, sales, manager, admin)	High	Security
BR- 012	System should be mobile-friendly and responsive	High	Usability
BR- 013	Audit trail for all actions in the order process	Medium	Compliance
BR- 014	System uptime should be >99% during working hours	Medium	Performance
BR- 015	Easy-to-use interface with minimal training required	High	Usability

# 10. Appendices

# 10.1 List of Acronyms

Acronym	Full Form
UTCL	Ultratech cement LTD
API	Application Programming Interface
KPI	Key Performance Indicator
UX	User Experience

# 10.2 Glossary of Terms

Term	Definition	
OPS (Order Purchasing System)	A digital platform that allows dealers and sales teams to place, track, and manage cement orders in real-time.	
Dealer Portal  A web or mobile interface where dealers can log in to place monitor their orders directly.		
SAP Integration	The process of connecting the new system to Ultratech's existing SAP ERP to enable seamless data flow for billing, inventory, and invoicing.	
Inventory Check	A system feature that verifies product availability in real-time before an order is confirmed.	
Approval Workflow	An automated sequence where orders are approved based on predefined rules such as stock availability or credit limit.	

Term	Definition		
BRD (Business Requirements Document)	A document that outlines the business needs, goals, and high-level features expected from the system.		
FRS (Functional Requirements Specification)	A detailed document describing the functions, inputs, outputs, and system behaviors.		
UAT (User Acceptance Testing)	A final round of testing done by real users (dealers, sales teams) to confirm the system meets their needs before go-live.		
Dispatch Module	A component of the system responsible for managing and tracking the delivery process after an order is approved.		
Invoice Generation	Automated creation of legal invoices for customer billing, post order approval.		
Audit Trail	A system-generated log of all actions and changes for security and compliance tracking.		
Role-Based Access	A security model where system access is restricted based on the user's role (e.g., dealer, admin, sales manager).		
Real-Time Tracking	The ability to view the current status of an order (e.g., approved, dispatched) instantly via the system.		
Dashboard	A visual panel displaying key metrics, such as order volume, approval time, or delivery delays.		
Mobile Responsive Design	A design approach ensuring the system interface works smoothly on smartphones and tablets.		
System Downtime	A period when the system is unavailable for use, often due to maintenance or technical issues.		
Data Migration	The process of transferring existing data (dealers, products, price lists) into the new system.		
Cycle Time The total time taken from order placement to dispatch or d			
Error Rate  The percentage of orders that fail due to incorrect data o mistakes.			
Integration Point  A specific place in the system where data is exchanged wanother system (e.g., SAP).			

### **10.3 Related Documents**

<b>Document Name</b>	Purpose / Description	Owner / Department	
II	Captures high-level business needs and objectives	Business Analyst	
<del>-</del>	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Business Analyst / Technical Team	

Document Name	Purpose / Description	Owner / Department	
<b>Use Case Document</b>	Defines user interactions and workflows	BA / UX Team	
As-Is Process Document	Describes the current manual workflow	Operations / SCM	
To-Be Process Document	Visualizes the redesigned digital process	BA / Solution Architect	
System Design Document	Outlines architecture, modules, and integration details	Technical Architect	
Integration Plan	Details how SAP, inventory, and dispatch systems will connect	IT Integration Lead	
Test Plan / UAT Test Cases	Describes testing strategy and user validation scenarios	QA / Business Analyst	
Training Manual / User Guide			
Change Management Plan	Outlines how the transition will be communicated and managed	Project Manager / HR	
Risk Register	Tracks project risks and mitigation strategies	PMO / Project Manager	
Project Charter	High-level project summary, goals, scope, timeline	Project Manager	
Project Timeline / Gantt Chart	Tracks project activities and milestones	PM / Planning Team	
Stakeholder Register	Lists involved parties and their roles/responsibilities	BA / PM	
Data Migration Plan	Details data cleansing and transfer strategy	Data Team / IT	
Compliance & Audit Requirements	Lists regulatory and internal compliance needs	Legal / Finance / Audit Teams	